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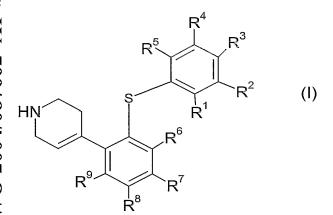
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(54) Title: 4-(2-PHENYLSULFANYL-PHENYL)-1,2,3,6-TETRAHYDROPYRIDINE DERIVATIVES AS SEROTONIN REUPTAKE INHIBITORS



(57) Abstract: The invention provides compounds represented by the general formula (I) wherein the substituents are defined in the application. The compounds are useful in the treatment of an affective disorder, including depression, anxiety disorders including general anxiety disorder and panic disorder and obsessive compulsive disorder.



4-(2-Phenylsulfanyl-phenyl)-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine derivatives as serotonin reuptake inhibitors

The present invention relates to novel compounds which are serotonin reuptake inhibitors and as such effective in the treatment of for example depression and anxiety.

Background of the invention

- Selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors (hereinafter referred to as SSRIs) have become first choice therapeutics in the treatment of depression, certain forms of anxiety and social phobias, because they are effective, well tolerated and have a favourable safety profile compared to the classic tricyclic antidepressants.
- However, clinical studies on depression indicate that non-response to SSRIs is substantial, up to 30%. Another, often neglected, factor in antidepressant treatment is compliance, which has a rather profound effect on the patient's motivation to continue pharmacotherapy.
- First of all, there is the delay in therapeutic effect of SSRIs. Sometimes symptoms even worsen during the first weeks of treatment. Secondly, sexual dysfunction is a side effect common to all SSRIs. Without addressing these problems, real progress in the pharmacotherapy of depression and anxiety disorders is not likely to happen.
- In order to cope with non-response, psychiatrists sometimes make use of augmentation strategies. Augmentation of antidepressant therapy may be accomplished through the co-administration of mood stabilizers such as lithium carbonate or triiodothyronin or by the use of electroshock.
- The effect of combined administration of a compound that inhibits serotonin reuptake and a 5-HT_{1A} receptor antagonist has been evaluated in several studies (Innis et al. *Eur. J. Pharmacol.* **1987**, *143*, 1095-204 and Gartside *Br. J. Pharmacol.* **1995**, *115*, 1064-1070, Blier et al. *Trends in Pharmacol. Science* **1994**, *15*, 220). In these studies,

it was found that 5-HT_{1A} receptor antagonists would abolish the initial brake on 5-HT neurotransmission induced by the serotonin reuptake inhibitors and thus produce an immediate boost of 5-HT transmission and a rapid onset of therapeutic action.

Several patent applications have been filed, which cover the use of a combination of a 5-HT_{1A} antagonist and a serotonin reuptake inhibitor for the treatment of depression (see e.g. EP-A2-687472 and EP-A2-714663).

Another approach to increase terminal 5-HT would be through blockade of the 5-HT_{1B} autoreceptor. Microdialysis experiments in rats have indeed shown that increase of hippocampal 5-HT by citalopram is potentiated by GMC 2-29, an experimental 5-HT_{1B} receptor antagonist.

Several patent applications covering the combination of an SSRI and a 5-HT $_{1B}$ antagonist or partial agonist have also been filed (WO 97/28141, WO 96/03400, EP-A-701819 and WO 99/13877).

It has previously been found that the combination of a serotonin reuptake inhibitor with a compound having 5-HT_{2C} antagonistic or inverse agonistic effect (compounds having a negative efficacy at the 5-HT_{2C} receptor) provides a considerable increase in the level of 5-HT in terminal areas, as measured in microdialysis experiments (WO 01/41701). This would imply a shorter onset of antidepressant effect in the clinic and an augmentation or potentiation of the therapeutic effect of the serotonin reuptake inhibitor (SRI).

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The combined effect of serotonin reuptake inhibition and norepinephrine uptake inhibition on depression is explored in clinical studies of compounds such as Duloxetine (Wong, Duloxetine (LY-248686): an inhibitor of serotonin and noradrenaline uptake and an antidepressant drug candidate *Expert Opinion on Investigational Drugs*, **1998**, 7, 10, 1691-1699) and Venlafaxine (Khan-A et al, Venlafaxine in depressed outpatients *Psychopharmacology Bulletin*, **1991**, 27, 141-144).

The present invention provides compounds which are serotonin reuptake inhibitors. Some of the compounds also have a combined effect of serotonin reuptake inhibition and 5-HT_{2C} receptor modulation, which according to WO01/41701 would imply a faster onset of antidepressant activity. Moreover, some of the compounds posses the combined effect of serotonin reuptake inhibition and norepinephrine uptake inhibition. Basically, the present compounds are suitable for the treatment of affective disorders, such as depression, anxiety disorders including general anxiety disorder, social anxiety disorder, post traumatic stress disorder, obsessive compulsive disorder, panic disorder, panic attacks, specific phobias, social phobia and agoraphobia.

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Summary of the invention

The present invention provides compounds of the general formula I

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wherein R¹, R², R³, R⁴, R⁵, R⁶, R⁷, R⁸, and R⁹ are as defined below.

The invention provides a compound according to the above for use as a medicament.

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The invention provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound according to the above or a pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt thereof and at least one pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent.

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The invention provides the use of a compound according to the above or a pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt thereof for the preparation of a

medicament for the treatment of affective disorders, such as depression, anxiety disorders including general anxiety disorder, social anxiety disorder, post traumatic stress disorder, obsessive compulsive disorder, panic disorder, panic attacks, specific phobias, social phobia and agoraphobia.

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The invention provides a method for the treatment of an affective disorder, such as depression, anxiety disorders including general anxiety disorder, social anxiety disorder, post traumatic stress disorder, obsessive compulsive disorder, panic disorder, panic attacks, specific phobias, social phobia and agoraphobia in a living animal body, including a human, comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of a compound according to the above or a pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt thereof.

Definition of substituents

15 Halogen means fluoro, chloro, bromo or iodo.

The expression C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl means a C_{1-6} -alkyl, C_{2-6} -alkenyl or a C_{2-6} -alkynyl group.

The term C_{1-6} alkyl refers to a branched or unbranched alkyl group having from one to six carbon atoms inclusive, including but not limited to methyl, ethyl, 1-propyl, 2-propyl, 1-butyl, 2-butyl, 2-methyl-2-propyl and 2-methyl-1-propyl.

Similarly, C_{2-6} alkenyl and C_{2-6} alkynyl, respectively, designate such groups having from two to six carbon atoms, including one double bond and one triple bond respectively, including but not limited to ethenyl, propenyl, butenyl, ethynyl, propynyl and butynyl.

The terms C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yloxy, C_{1-6} alk(en/yn)ylsulfanyl, hydroxy- C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, halo- C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, cyano- C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, NR^zR^w - C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yloxy- C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl and halo- C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yloxy designate such groups in which the C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl are as defined above. Halo means halogen. NR^zR^w - C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl designate the group

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$$R^{z}$$

 $N-C_{1-6}$ alk(en/yn)yl

The term C_{3-8} cycloalkyl designates a monocyclic or bicyclic carbocycle having three to eight C-atoms, including but not limited to cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, etc.

The term C_{3-8} cycloalkenyl designates a monocyclic or bicyclic carbocycle having three to eight C-atoms and including one double bond.

In the term C_{3-8} -cycloalk(en)yl- C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, C_{3-8} -cycloalk(en)yl and C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl are as defined above.

The term 3-7-membered ring optionally containing one further heteroatom, such as N, O, or S, as used herein refers to ring systems such as 1-morpholinyl, 1-piperidinyl, 1-azetidinyl, 1-piperazinyl, 1-homopiperazinyl, 1-imidazolyl, 1-pyrrolidinyl, 1-azetidinyl, 1-pyrrolyl or pyrazolyl, all of which may be further substituted with a group selected from a C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, hydroxy, hydroxy- C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl.

Description of the invention

The present invention relates to 4-(2-phenylsulfanyl-phenyl)-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine derivatives which are serotonin reuptake inhibitors and as such effective in the treatment of for example depression and anxiety. Most of the tested compounds posses the combined effect of serotonin reuptake inhibition and norepinephrine uptake inhibition as measured in the tests described in the examples section.

Accordingly the present invention relates to a compound represented by the general formula I

$$\begin{array}{c} R^{5} \\ R^{5} \\ R^{7} \\ R^{8} \end{array}$$

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wherein

 R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^5 are independently selected from hydrogen, halogen, cyano, C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yloxy, C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)ylsulfanyl, hydroxy, hydroxy- C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, halo- C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yloxy, or NR^xR^y wherein R^x and R^y are independently selected from hydrogen, C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, cyano- C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, C_{3-8} -cycloalk(en)yl, C_{3-8} -cycloalk(en)yl- C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, or NR^zR^w - C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, wherein R^z and R^w are independently selected from hydrogen, C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, C_{3-8} -cycloalk(en)yl, or C_{3-8} -cycloalk(en)yl- C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl; or R^x and R^y together with the nitrogen to which they are attached form a 3-7-membered ring which optionally contains one further heteroatom; or

R² and R³ together form a heterocycle fused to the phenyl ring selected from

; and
$$R^1$$
, R^4 , R^5 are as defined above;

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 R^6 , R^7 , R^8 , R^9 are independently selected from hydrogen, halogen, $C_{1\text{-}6}$ -alk(en/yn)yl, $C_{1\text{-}6}$ -alk(en/yn)yloxy, $C_{1\text{-}6}$ -alk(en/yn)ylsulfanyl, hydroxy, hydroxy- $C_{1\text{-}6}$ -alk(en/yn)yl, halo- $C_{1\text{-}6}$ -alk(en/yn)yloxy, or NR^xR^y wherein R^x and R^y are independently selected from hydrogen, $C_{1\text{-}6}$ -alk(en/yn)yl, cyano- $C_{1\text{-}6}$ -alk(en/yn)yl, $C_{3\text{-}8}$ -cycloalk(en)yl, $C_{3\text{-}8}$ -cycloalk(en)yl- $C_{1\text{-}6}$ -alk(en/yn)yl, or NR^zR^w - $C_{1\text{-}6}$ -alk(en/yn)yl, wherein R^z and R^w are independently selected from hydrogen, $C_{1\text{-}6}$ -alk(en/yn)yl, $C_{3\text{-}8}$ -cycloalk(en)yl, or $C_{3\text{-}8}$ -cycloalk(en)yl- $C_{1\text{-}6}$ -alk(en/yn)yl; or R^x and R^y together with

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the nitrogen to which they are attached form a 3-7-membered ring which optionally contains one further heteroatom:

provided that at least one of R¹, R², R³, R⁴, R⁵, R⁶, R⁷, R⁸, and R⁹ is different from hydrogen; also provided that when R³ is methyl or methoxy, then at least one of R¹, R², R⁴, R⁵, R⁶, R⁷, R⁸, R⁹ is different from hydrogen; or a salt thereof.

In one embodiment of the compound of formula I, R¹ is selected from hydrogen. halogen, cyano, C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yloxy, C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)ylsulfanyl, halo-C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, or NR^xR^y wherein R^x and R^y are independently selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, cyano-C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, C₃₋₈-cycloalk(en)yl, C₃₋₈cycloalk(en)yl-C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, or NR^zR^w-C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, wherein R^z and R^w are independently selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, C₃₋₈-cycloalk(en)yl, or C₃₋₈cycloalk(en)yl-C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, provided that if one of R^x and R^y is NR^zR^w-C₁₋₆alk(en/yn)yl then the other is selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, cyano-C₁₋₆alk(en/yn)yl, $C_{3.8}$ -cycloalk(en)yl, or $C_{3.8}$ -cycloalk(en)yl- $C_{1.6}$ -alk(en/yn)yl; or R^x and R^y together with the nitrogen to which they are attached form a 3-7-membered ring which optionally contains one further heteroatom. In a further embodiment of the compound of formula I R¹ is selected from hydrogen, halogen, cyano, C₁₋₆alk(en/yn)yl, C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yloxy, C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)ylsulfanyl, halo- C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl. In a further embodiment R¹ is NR^xR^y wherein R^x and R^y are independently selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, cyano-C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, C₃₋₈-cycloalk(en)yl, C₃₋₈cycloalk(en)yl-C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, such as hydrogen, cyanomethyl, C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl. In a further embodiment R¹ is NR^xR^y wherein R^x is NR^zR^w-C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, wherein R^z and R^w are independently selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, C₃₋₈cycloalk(en)yl, or C₃₋₈-cycloalk(en)yl-C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, and R^y is selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, cyano-C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, C₃₋₈-cycloalk(en)yl, or C₃₋₈cycloalk(en)yl-C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl. In a further embodiment R¹ is NR^xR^y wherein R^x and R^y together with the nitrogen to which they are attached form a 3-7-membered ring which optionally contains one further heteroatom, such as 1-morpholinyl, 1piperidinyl, 1-azepinyl, 1-piperazinyl, 1-homopiperazinyl, 1-imidazolyl, 1pyrrolidinyl, 1-azetidinyl, 1-pyrrolyl or pyrazolyl, optionally substituted with one or

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more selected from a C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, hydroxy, hydroxy-C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, C₁₋₆alk(en/yn)yloxy-C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, e.g. one or two selected from hydroxy, hydroxy-C₁₋₆ 6-alkyl, C₁₋₆-alkyloxy-C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₁₋₆-alkyl, in particular one or two selected from hydroxy, methoxy-methyl, methyl. Typically, R¹ is selected from hydrogen; halogen; cyano; C₁₋₆-alkyl; C₁₋₆-alkyloxy; C₁₋₆-alkylsulfanyl; halo-C₁₋₆-alkyl; NR^xR^y wherein R^x and R^y are independently selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₆-alkyl, cyanomethyl; NR^xR^y wherein R^y is selected from hydrogen, or C₁₋₆-alkyl, and R^x is NR^zR^w-C₁₋₆alk(en/yn)yl wherein R^z and R^w are independently selected from hydrogen, or C₁₋₆alkyl; 1-morpholinyl, 1-piperidinyl, 1-azepinyl, 1-piperazinyl, 1-homopiperazinyl, 1imidazolyl, 1-pyrrolidinyl, 1-azetidinyl, 1-pyrrolyl or pyrazolyl, optionally substituted with one or two selected from hydroxy, hydroxy-C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₁₋₆-alkyloxy-C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₁₋₆-alkyl, in particular one or two selected from hydroxy, methoxy-methyl, methyl. To further illustrate without limiting the invention an embodiment of R¹ is hydrogen; another embodiment of R^1 is C_{1-6} -alkyl, such as methyl, ethyl, tert-butyl; a further embodiment of R¹ is halogen, such as fluoro, bromo, or chloro; a further embodiment of R^1 is C_{1-6} -alkyloxy, such as methoxy; a further embodiment of R^1 is halo- C_{1-6} alkyl, such as CF₃.

In a further embodiment of the compound of formula I, R^2 is selected from hydrogen, halogen, cyano, C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yloxy, C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)ylsulfanyl, halo- C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl. Typically, R^2 is selected from hydrogen, halogen, cyano, C_{1-6} -alkyl, C_{1-6} -alkyloxy, C_{1-6} -alkylsulfanyl, halo- C_{1-6} -alkyl. To further illustrate without limiting the invention an embodiment of R^2 is hydrogen; another embodiment of R^2 is C_{1-6} -alkoxy, such as methoxy; another embodiment of R^2 is halogen, such as fluoro, bromo, or chloro; another embodiment of R^2 is C_{1-6} -alkyl, such as methyl; another embodiment of R^2 is halo- C_{1-6} -alkyl, such as C_{1-6

In a further embodiment of the compound of formula I, R^3 is selected from hydrogen, halogen, cyano, C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yloxy, C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)ylsulfanyl, halo- C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl. Typically, R^3 is selected from hydrogen, halogen, cyano, C_{1-6} -alkyl, C_{1-6} -alkyloxy, C_{1-6} -alkylsulfanyl, halo- C_{1-6} -alkyl. To further illustrate without limiting the invention an embodiment of R^3 is hydrogen; another embodiment of R^3 is C_{1-6} -alkyl, such as methyl, ethyl, tert-butyl; a further embodiment of R^3 is C_{1-6} -alkoxy.

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such as methoxy; a further embodiment of R^3 is halogen, such as chloro, bromo, or fluoro; a further embodiment of R^3 is C_{1-6} -alkylsulfanyl, such as methylsulfanyl; a further embodiment of R^3 is halo- C_{1-6} -alkyl, such as CF_3 ; a further embodiment of R^3 is halo- C_{1-6} -alkyloxy, such as trifluoromethyloxy.

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In a further embodiment of the compound of formula I, R² and R³ together form a heterocycle fused to the phenyl ring selected from



In a further embodiment of the compound of formula I, R⁴ is selected from hydrogen, halogen, cyano, C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yloxy, C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)ylsulfanyl, halo-C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl. Typically, R⁴ is selected from hydrogen, halogen, cyano, C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₁₋₆-alkyloxy, C₁₋₆-alkylsulfanyl, halo-C₁₋₆-alkyl. To further illustrate without limiting the invention an embodiment of R⁴ is hydrogen; another embodiment of R⁴ is C₁₋₆-alkoxy, such as methoxy; another embodiment of R⁴ is halogen, such as fluoro, bromo, or chloro; another embodiment of R⁴ is C₁₋₆-alkyl, such as methyl; another embodiment of R⁴ is halo-C₁₋₆-alkyl, such as CF₃.

In a further embodiment of the compound of formula I, R^5 is selected from hydrogen, halogen, cyano, C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yloxy, C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)ylsulfanyl, halo- C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, or NR^xR^y wherein R^x and R^y are independently selected from hydrogen, C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, cyano- C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, C_{3-8} -cycloalk(en)yl, C_{3-8} -cycloalk(en)yl- C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, or NR^zR^w - C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, wherein R^z and R^w are independently selected from hydrogen, C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, C_{3-8} -cycloalk(en)yl, or C_{3-8} -cycloalk(en)yl- C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, provided that if one of R^x and R^y is NR^zR^w - C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl then the other is selected from hydrogen, C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, cyano- C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, C_{3-8} -cycloalk(en)yl, or C_{3-8} -cycloalk(en)yl- C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl; or R^x and R^y together with the nitrogen to which they are attached form a 3-7-membered ring which optionally contains one further heteroatom. In a further embodiment of the compound of formula I R^5 is selected from hydrogen, halogen, cyano, C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yloxy, C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)ylsulfanyl, halo- C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl.

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alkyl, such as CF₃.

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In a further embodiment, R⁵ is NR^xR^y wherein R^x and R^y are independently selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, cyano-C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, C₃₋₈-cycloalk(en)yl, C₃₋₈cycloalk(en)yl- C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, such as hydrogen, cyanomethyl, C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl. In a further embodiment R⁵ is NR^xR^y wherein R^x is NR^zR^w-C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, wherein R^z and R^w are independently selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, C₃₋₈cycloalk(en)yl, or C₃₋₈-cycloalk(en)yl-C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, and R^y is selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, cyano-C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, C₃₋₈-cycloalk(en)yl, or C₃₋₈cycloalk(en)yl-C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl. In a further embodiment R⁵ is NR^xR^y wherein R^x and Ry together with the nitrogen to which they are attached form a 3-7-membered ring which optionally contains one further heteroatom, such as 1-morpholinyl, 1piperidinyl, 1-azepinyl, 1-piperazinyl, 1-homopiperazinyl, 1-imidazolyl, 1pyrrolidinyl, 1-azetidinyl, 1-pyrrolyl or pyrazolyl, optionally substituted with one or more selected from a C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, hydroxy, hydroxy-C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, C₁₋₆alk(en/yn)yloxy-C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, e.g. one or two selected from hydroxy, hydroxy-C₁₋ 6-alkyl, C₁₋₆-alkyloxy-C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₁₋₆-alkyl, in particular one or two selected from hydroxy, methoxy-methyl, methyl. Typically, R⁵ is selected from hydrogen; halogen; cyano; C₁₋₆-alkyl; C₁₋₆-alkyloxy; C₁₋₆-alkylsulfanyl; halo-C₁₋₆-alkyl; NR^xR^y wherein R^x and R^y are independently selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₆-alkyl, cyanomethyl; NR^xR^y wherein R^y is selected from hydrogen, or C₁₋₆-alkyl, and R^x is NR^zR^w-C₁₋₆alk(en/yn)yl wherein R^z and R^w are independently selected from hydrogen, or C₁₋₆alkyl; 1-morpholinyl, 1-piperidinyl, 1-azepinyl, 1-piperazinyl, 1-homopiperazinyl, 1imidazolyl, 1-pyrrolidinyl, 1-azetidinyl, 1-pyrrolyl or pyrazolyl, optionally substituted with one or two selected from hydroxy, hydroxy-C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₁₋₆-alkyloxy-C₁₋₆-alkyl, C_{1-6} -alkyl, in particular one or two selected from hydroxy, methoxy-methyl, methyl. To further illustrate without limiting the invention an embodiment of R⁵ is hydrogen: another embodiment of R⁵ is C₁₋₆-alkyl, such as methyl, ethyl, tert-butyl; a further embodiment of R⁵ is halogen, such as fluoro, bromo, or chloro; a further embodiment of R⁵ is C₁₋₆-alkyloxy, such as methoxy; a further embodiment of R⁵ is halo-C₁₋₆-

In a further embodiment of the compound of formula I, R^6 is selected from hydrogen, halogen, C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, halo- C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl. Typically, R^6 is selected from hydrogen, halogen, C_{1-6} -alkyl, halo- C_{1-6} -alkyl. To further illustrate without limiting

the invention an embodiment of R^6 is hydrogen; another embodiment of R^6 is halogen, such as fluoro.

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In a further embodiment of the compound of formula I, R^7 is selected from hydrogen, halogen, C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, halo- C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl. Typically, R^7 is selected from hydrogen, halogen, C_{1-6} -alkyl, halo- C_{1-6} -alkyl. To further illustrate without limiting the invention an embodiment of R^7 is hydrogen; another embodiment of R^7 is halogen, such as fluoro.

In a further embodiment of the compound of formula I, R⁸ is selected from hydrogen. halogen, C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, halo-C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, or NR^xR^y wherein R^x and R^y are independently selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, cyano-C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, C₃₋ 8-cycloalk(en)yl, C₃₋₈-cycloalk(en)yl-C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, or NR²R^w-C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, wherein R^z and R^w are independently selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, C₃₋₈cycloalk(en)yl, or C₃₋₈-cycloalk(en)yl-C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, provided that if one of R^x and R^y is NR^zR^w-C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl then the other is selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₆alk(en/yn)yl, cyano-C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, C₃₋₈-cycloalk(en)yl, or C₃₋₈-cycloalk(en)yl-C₁₋₆alk(en/yn)yl; or R^x and R^y together with the nitrogen to which they are attached form a 3-7-membered ring which optionally contains one further heteroatom. In a further embodiment of the compound of formula I R⁸ is selected from hydrogen, halogen, C₁₋ 6-alk(en/yn)yl, halo-C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, or NR^xR^y wherein R^x and R^y are independently selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, cyano-C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, C₃₋₈cycloalk(en)yl, C₃₋₈-cycloalk(en)yl-C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl. In a further embodiment R⁸ is NR^xR^y wherein R^x and R^y are independently selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₆alk(en/yn)yl, cyano-C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, C₃₋₈-cycloalk(en)yl, C₃₋₈-cycloalk(en)yl-C₁₋₆alk(en/yn)yl, such as hydrogen, cyanomethyl, C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl. In a further embodiment R⁸ is NR^xR^y wherein R^x is NR^zR^w-C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, wherein R^z and R^w are independently selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, C₃₋₈-cycloalk(en)yl, or C₃₋₈-cycloalk(en)yl-C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, and R^y is selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₆alk(en/yn)yl, cyano-C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, C₃₋₈-cycloalk(en)yl, or C₃₋₈-cycloalk(en)yl-C₁₋₆alk(en/yn)yl. In a further embodiment R⁸ is NR^xR^y wherein R^x and R^y together with the nitrogen to which they are attached form a 3-7-membered ring which optionally

contains one further heteroatom, such as 1-morpholinyl, 1-piperidinyl, 1-azepinyl, 1-

piperazinyl, 1-homopiperazinyl, 1-imidazolyl, 1-pyrrolidinyl, 1-azetidinyl, 1-pyrrolyl or pyrazolyl, optionally substituted with one or more selected from a C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, hydroxy, hydroxy- C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, e.g. one or two selected from hydroxy, hydroxy- C_{1-6} -alkyl, C_{1-6} -alkyl, C_{1-6} -alkyl, in particular one or two selected from hydroxy, methoxy-methyl, methyl. Typically, R^8 is selected from hydrogen; halogen; cyano; C_{1-6} -alkyl; C_{1-6} -alkyloxy; C_{1-6} -alkylsulfanyl; halo- C_{1-6} -alkyl; NR^*R^y wherein R^x and R^y are independently selected from hydrogen, or C_{1-6} -alkyl, and R^x is NR^zR^y - C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl wherein R^z and R^w are independently selected from hydrogen, or C_{1-6} -alkyl, and R^x is NR^zR^w - C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl wherein R^z and R^w are independently selected from hydrogen, or C_{1-6} -alkyl, and R^x is R^z - R^w - R^z -R

alk(en/yn)yl wherein R^z and R^w are independently selected from hydrogen, or C_{1-6} -alkyl; 1-morpholinyl, 1-piperidinyl, 1-azepinyl, 1-piperazinyl, 1-homopiperazinyl, 1-imidazolyl, 1-pyrrolidinyl, 1-azetidinyl, 1-pyrrolyl or pyrazolyl, optionally substituted with one or two selected from hydroxy, hydroxy- C_{1-6} -alkyl, C_{1-6} -alkyl, in particular one or two selected from hydroxy, methoxy-methyl, methyl.

To further illustrate without limiting the invention an embodiment of R^8 is hydrogen; another embodiment of R^8 is halogen, such as fluoro, or bromo; a further embodiment of R^8 is C_{1-6} -alkyl, such as methyl; a further embodiment of R^8 is halo- C_{1-6} -alkyl, such as CF_3 ; another embodiment of R^8 is NR^xR^y wherein R^x is hydrogen and R^y is C_{1-6} -alkyl, such as methyl.

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In a further embodiment of the compound of formula I, R^9 is selected from hydrogen, halogen, C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, halo- C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl. Typically, R^9 is selected from hydrogen, halogen, C_{1-6} -alkyl, halo- C_{1-6} -alkyl. To further illustrate without limiting the invention an embodiment of R^9 is hydrogen.

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Typically, the compound of formula I has at least one substituent in the phenyl ring(s), selected from any one of R^1 - R^9 , which is different from hydrogen, such as 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents in the phenyl ring(s), selected from any one of R^1 - R^9 , which is/are different from hydrogen, and the remaining substituents are hydrogen. Thus, in a further embodiment 1 substituent selected from any one of R^1 - R^9 , which is different from hydrogen, is present in either of the two phenyl rings, such as 1 substituent selected from R^1 - R^5 , or the substituent is selected from R^6 - R^9 . In a further embodiment 2 substituents selected from R^1 - R^9 , which are different from hydrogen,

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are present in either of the two phenyl rings, such as 1 substituent selected from R¹-R⁵, and the other selected from R⁶-R⁹, or both substituents are selected from R¹-R⁵; in this respect R² and R³ may be taken together to form the heterocycle as defined above. In a further embodiment 3 substituents selected from R¹-R⁹, which are different from hydrogen, are present in either of the two phenyl rings, such as 2 substituents selected from R¹-R⁵, and the last substituent is selected from R⁶-R⁹. In each embodiment, as mentioned the remaining substituents are hydrogen. To illustrate this further without limiting the invention, some typical embodiments are outlined hereafter.

10 Thus, in a further embodiment of the compound of formula I one substituent is present which is R² as defined above, except hydrogen. In a further embodiment of the compound of formula I one substituent is present which is R³ as defined above, except hydrogen. In a further embodiment of the compound of formula I two substituents are present being R³ and R⁸, wherein R³ and R⁸ are as defined above, except hydrogen. In a further embodiment of the compound of formula I two substituents are present being 15 R³ and R⁶, wherein R³ and R⁶ are as defined above, except hydrogen. In a further embodiment of the compound of formula I two substituents are present being R³ and R⁷, wherein R³ and R⁷ are as defined above, except hydrogen. In a further embodiment of the compound of formula I two substituents are present being R¹ and R³, wherein R¹ and R³ are as defined above, except hydrogen. In a further 20 embodiment of the compound of formula I two substituents are present being R² and R³, wherein R² and R³ are as defined above, except hydrogen, in this respect R² and R³ may be taken together to form the heterocycle as defined above. In a further embodiment of the compound of formula I three substituents are present being R¹, R³ and R⁸, wherein R¹, R³ and R⁸ are as defined above, except hydrogen. In each 25 embodiment, as mentioned above the remaining substituents are hydrogen.

In a further embodiment of the compound of formula I, said compound is selected from

4-[2-(4-Fluorophenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
4-[2-(4-Chlorophenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
4-[2-(4-Methoxyphenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
4-(5-Methyl-2-p-tolylsulfanylphenyl)-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,

- 4-[2-(4-Fluorophenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
- 4-[2-(4-Chlorophenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
- 4-[2-(2,4-Dimethylphenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
- 4-[2-(4-Chlorophenylsulfanyl)-5-trifluoromethyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
- 5 4-[2-(4-Fluoro-2-methylphenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
 - 4-[2-(4-Chlorophenylsulfanyl)-4-fluoro-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
 - 4-[4-Fluoro-2-(p-tolylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine.
 - 4-[4-Fluoro-2-(4-methoxyphenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine.
 - 4-[2-(2,4-Dimethylphenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
- 4-[2-(2,4-Dimethylphenylsulfanyl)-5-trifluoromethyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
 - 4-(2-p-Tolylsulfanyl-5-trifluoromethylphenyl)-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
 - 4-[2-(4-Fluoro-2-methylphenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
 - 4-[5-Bromo-2-(2,4-dimethylphenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
- 4-[2-(4-Chlorophenylsulfanyl)-5-fluoro-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
 - 4-[5-Fluoro-2-(4-methoxyphenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2,4-Dichlorophenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
 - 4-[2-(4-Chloro-2-fluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
 - 4-[2-(3-Methoxyphenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
- 4-[3-Fluoro-2-(4-methoxyphenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2-Chlorophenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2-Chloro-4-methoxyphenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2-Fluorophenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine.
 - 4-[2-(2-Bromophenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
- 25 4-[2-(4-Bromophenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine.
 - 4-(2-o-Tolylsulfanylphenyl)-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine.
 - 4-[2-(4-Chloro-2-methylphenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
 - 4-[2-(4-Trifluoromethyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2,3-Dichloro-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine.
- 30 4-[2-(2,3-Dimethyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(3,4-Dimethyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2-Methoxy-5-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,

- 4-[2-(4-Methoxy-2-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 4-[2-(2-Fluoro-4-methoxy-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 4-[2-(2,4-Dimethyl-phenylsulfanyl)-5-fluoro-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 4-(5-Fluoro-2-phenylsulfanyl-phenyl)-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 5 4-[5-Fluoro-2-(4-fluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-(2-m-Tolylsulfanyl-phenyl)-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(4-Fluoro-3-methoxy-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2-Bromo-4-fluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine.
 - 4-[2-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-fluoro-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 4-[2-(2,4-Dichloro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-fluoro-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(3-Chloro-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2-Methoxy-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2,4-Dichloro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(4-Chloro-2-fluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-
- 15 pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(4-Chloro-2-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2-Fluoro-4-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 4-[2-(2,4-Difluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2-Bromo-4-fluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 4-[2-(2-Bromo-4-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2-Bromo-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(4-Bromo-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-(5-Methyl-2-o-tolylsulfanyl-phenyl)-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 4-[2-(4-Methoxy-2-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2-Fluoro-4-methoxy-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,

4-[2-(3,4-Dichloro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,

- 4-[2-(2-Chloro-4-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
- 4-[2-(2-Fluoro-4-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 5 4-[2-(3,4-Dichloro-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(4-Bromo-2-fluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(4-Bromo-2-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2,4-Difluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2-Bromo-4-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 4-[2-(4-Chloro-2-methoxy-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine, 4-[5-Fluoro-2-(2-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-

pyridine,

- 4-[2-(2-Chloro-4-methoxy-phenylsulfanyl)-5-fluoro-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 4-[5-Fluoro-2-(2-fluoro-4-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2-Chloro-4-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-5-fluoro-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(4-Chloro-2-fluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-fluoro-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 4-[5-Fluoro-2-(4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2,3-Dimethyl-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[5-Methyl-2-(3-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)--phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2-Fluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 4-[2-(2-Chloro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(3,4-Dimethyl-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(4-Chloro-2-methoxy-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2,3-Difluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 4-[2-(2-Chloro-4-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2,3-Difluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(3-Chloro-2-fluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,

- 4-[2-(3-Fluoro-2-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 4-[2-(3-Chloro-2-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 4-[2-(3-Fluoro-2-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 5 4-[2-(3-Fluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(3-Chloro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(3-Bromo-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(3-Methoxy-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[5-Methyl-2-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-
- 10 pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2-Methoxy-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2-Ethyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine.
 - 4-[2-(4-Ethyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2-tert-Butyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 15 4-[2-(4-tert-Butyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(3-Fluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2-Trifluoromethyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(3-Trifluoromethyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(4-Trifluoromethoxy-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine.
- 4-[2-(4-Methylsulfanyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(3,5-Dimethyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2,5-Dimethyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2,5-Dichloro-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(3,5-Dichloro-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine.
- 4-[2-(3-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2,4,6-Trimethyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine.
 - 4-[5-Methylamino-2-(4-methyl-pheylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[5-Fluoro-2-(2-methoxy-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-(5-Fluoro-2-o-tolylsulfanyl-phenyl)-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 30 4-(5-Fluoro-2-p-tolylsulfanyl-phenyl)-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(Benzo[1,3]dioxol-5-ylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2-Chloro-4-methoxy-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,

- 4-[2-(2,3-Dichloro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 4-[2-(3-Chloro-2-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
- 4-[2-(Benzo[1,3]dioxol-5-ylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 5 4-[5-Fluoro-2-(3-fluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-(5-Fluoro-2-m-tolylsulfanyl-phenyl)-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[5-Fluoro-2-(3-methoxy-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(3-Chloro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-fluoro-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2-Chloro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-fluoro-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 4-[4-Fluoro-2-(4-methyl-pheylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(4-Bromo-2-fluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-fluoro-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(4-Fluoro-3-methoxy-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(3-Fluoro-4-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-
- 15 pyridine,
 - 4-[5-Fluoro-2-(4-methoxy-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof. Each of these compounds is considered a specific embodiment and may be subject to individual claims.
- As mentioned above, most of the tested compounds posses the combined effect of serotonin reuptake inhibition and norepinephrine uptake inhibition, however, a few compounds selected from
 - 4-[2-(2,3-Dimethyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(4-Methoxy-2-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 4-[2-(2-Fluoro-4-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2-Fluoro-4-methoxy-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2,3-Difluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 30 4-[2-(2-Chloro-4-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(3-Chloro-2-fluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine.
 - 4-[2-(3-Fluoro-2-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,

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- 4-[2-(3-Fluoro-2-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine, or
- 4-[2-(3-Fluoro-4-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- did show serotonin reuptake inhibition, but did not show norepinephrine uptake inhibition in the test herein.

The present invention also comprises salts of the present compounds, typically, pharmaceutically acceptable salts. Such salts include pharmaceutical acceptable acid addition salts, pharmaceutically acceptable metal salts, ammonium and alkylated ammonium salts. Acid addition salts include salts of inorganic acids as well as organic acids.

Representative examples of suitable inorganic acids include hydrochloric, hydrobromic, hydroiodic, phosphoric, sulfuric, sulfamic, nitric acids and the like. Representative examples of suitable organic acids include formic, acetic, trichloroacetic, trifluoroacetic, propionic, benzoic, cinnamic, citric, fumaric, glycolic, itaconic, lactic, methanesulfonic, maleic, malic, malonic, mandelic, oxalic, picric, pyruvic, salicylic, succinic, methane sulfonic, ethanesulfonic, tartaric, ascorbic, pamoic, bismethylene salicylic, ethanedisulfonic, gluconic, citraconic, aspartic, stearic, palmitic, EDTA, glycolic, p-aminobenzoic, glutamic, benzenesulfonic, p-toluenesulfonic acids, theophylline acetic acids, as well as the 8-halotheophyllines, for example 8-bromotheophylline and the like.

Examples of metal salts include lithium, sodium, potassium, magnesium salts and the like.

Examples of ammonium and alkylated ammonium salts include ammonium, methyl-, dimethyl-, trimethyl-, ethyl-, hydroxyethyl-, diethyl-, n-butyl-, sec-butyl-, tert-butyl-, tetramethylammonium salts and the like.

Further, the compounds of this invention may exist in unsolvated as well as in solvated forms with pharmaceutically acceptable solvents such as water, ethanol and

the like. In general, the solvated forms are considered equivalent to the unsolvated forms for the purposes of this invention.

The compounds of the present invention may have one or more asymmetric centres and it is intended that any optical isomers (i.e. enantiomers or diastereomers), as separated, pure or partially purified optical isomers and any mixtures thereof including racemic mixtures are included within the scope of the invention.

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Racemic forms can be resolved into the optical antipodes by known methods, for example, by separation of diastereomeric salts thereof with an optically active acid, and liberating the optically active amine compound by treatment with a base. Another method for resolving racemates into the optical antipodes is based upon chromatography on an optically active matrix. Racemic compounds of the present invention can also be resolved into their optical antipodes, e.g. by fractional crystallization of d- or l- (tartrates, mandelates or camphorsulphonate) salts. The compounds of the present invention may also be resolved by the formation of diastereomeric derivatives.

Additional methods for the resolution of optical isomers, known to those skilled in the art, may be used. Such methods include those discussed by J. Jaques, A. Collet and S. Wilen in "Enantiomers, Racemates, and Resolutions", John Wiley and Sons, New York (1981).

Optically active compounds can also be prepared from optically active starting materials, or by stereoselective synthesis.

Furthermore, when a double bond or a fully or partially saturated ring system is present in the molecule geometric isomers may be formed. It is intended that any geometric isomers, as separated, pure or partially purified geometric isomers or mixtures thereof are included within the scope of the invention. Likewise, molecules having a bond with restricted rotation may form geometric isomers. These are also intended to be included within the scope of the present invention.

Furthermore, some of the compounds of the present invention may exist in different tautomeric forms and it is intended that any tautomeric forms that the compounds are able to form are included within the scope of the present invention.

The invention also encompasses prodrugs of the present compounds, which on administration undergo chemical conversion by metabolic processes before becoming pharmacologically active substances. In general, such prodrugs will be functional derivatives of the compounds of the general formula (I), which are readily convertible in vivo into the required compound of the formula (I). Conventional procedures for the selection and preparation of suitable prodrug derivatives are described, for example, in "Design of Prodrugs", ed. H. Bundgaard, Elsevier, 1985.

The invention also encompasses active metabolites of the present compounds.

- As mentioned above, the compounds of formula I are serotonin reuptake inhibitors, and accordingly may be applicable for the treatment, including prevention, of affective disorders, such as depression, anxiety disorders including general anxiety disorder and panic disorder and obsessive compulsive disorder.
- Accordingly, in a further aspect the invention relates to a compound of formula I for use as a medicament.

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The present invention also relates to a pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of formula I and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent. The composition may comprise any one of the embodiments of formula I described above.

In an embodiment of the pharmaceutical composition, the compound of formula I is present in an amount of from about 0.001 to about 100 mg/kg body weight per day.

The present invention also relates to use of a compound of formula I for the preparation of a medicament for the treatment of a disease or disorder, wherein a serotonin reuptake inhibitor is beneficial. The medicament may comprise any one of the embodiments of formula I described above.

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In particular, the present invention also relates to use of a compound of formula I for the preparation of a medicament for the treatment of affective disorders.

In a further embodiment, the present invention also relates to use of a compound of formula I for the preparation of a medicament for the treatment of depression.

In a further embodiment, the present invention also relates to use of a compound of formula I for the preparation of a medicament for the treatment of anxiety disorders.

In a further embodiment, the present invention also relates to use of a compound of formula I for the preparation of a medicament for the treatment of general anxiety disorder.

In a further embodiment, the present invention also relates to use of a compound of formula I for the preparation of a medicament for the treatment of social anxiety disorder.

In a further embodiment, the present invention also relates to use of a compound of formula I for the preparation of a medicament for the treatment of post traumatic stress disorder.

In a further embodiment, the present invention also relates to use of a compound of formula I for the preparation of a medicament for the treatment of obsessive compulsive disorder.

In a further embodiment, the present invention also relates to use of a compound of formula I for the preparation of a medicament for the treatment of panic disorder.

In a further embodiment, the present invention also relates to use of a compound of formula I for the preparation of a medicament for the treatment of panic attacks.

In a further embodiment, the present invention also relates to use of a compound of formula I for the preparation of a medicament for the treatment of specific phobias.

In a further embodiment, the present invention also relates to use of a compound of formula I for the preparation of a medicament for the treatment of social phobia.

In a further embodiment, the present invention also relates to use of a compound of formula I for the preparation of a medicament for the treatment of agoraphobia.

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A further aspect of the invention relates to a method for the treatment of a disease or disorder selected from the group consisting of an affective disorder, such as depression, anxiety disorders including general anxiety disorder, social anxiety disorder, post traumatic stress disorder, obsessive compulsive disorder, panic disorder, panic attacks, specific phobias, social phobia and agoraphobia, in a living animal body, including a human, comprising administering to a subject in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of formula I.

In a further aspect, the present invention relates to a method of preparing a compound of formula I, comprising

a) deprotection or cleavage from a polymer support of a compound with formula II

$$R^{5}$$
 R^{4}
 R^{3}
 R^{6}
 R^{6}
 R^{7}
 R^{8}
 R^{7}

wherein R¹-R⁹ are as previously described, and R' is a *tert*-butyl, methyl, ethyl, allyl or benzyl group or R'OCO is a solid supported carbamate group, or

b) chemical transformation of a compound with formula III

to the corresponding diazonium compound and subsequently reacting with a thiophenol of formula IV

$$R^{5} \qquad R^{4}$$

$$R^{1} \qquad R^{2}$$

IV

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wherein R^1 - R^9 are as previously described, or

c) dehydrating and optionally simultaneously deprotecting a compound of formula V

$$R''$$
 N
 OH
 R^5
 R^4
 R^3
 R^2
 R^4
 R^3
 R^4
 R^3
 R^4
 R^3
 R^4
 R^3
 R^4
 R^4
 R^3
 R^4
 R^4

wherein R¹-R⁹ are as previously described, and R" is either a hydrogen atom or R" can be a carbamate R'OCO wherein R' is a *tert*-butyl, methyl, ethyl, allyl or benzyl group or R'OCO is a solid supported carbamate group.

Pharmaceutical compositions

The compounds of the invention may be administered alone or in combination with pharmaceutically acceptable carriers or excipients, in either single or multiple doses.

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The pharmaceutical compositions according to the invention may be formulated with pharmaceutically acceptable carriers or diluents as well as any other known adjuvants and excipients in accordance with conventional techniques such as those disclosed in Remington: The Science and Practice of Pharmacy, 19 Edition, Gennaro, Ed., Mack Publishing Co., Easton, PA, 1995.

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The pharmaceutical compositions may be specifically formulated for administration by any suitable route such as the oral, rectal, nasal, pulmonary, topical (including buccal and sublingual), transdermal, intracisternal, intraperitoneal, vaginal and parenteral (including subcutaneous, intramuscular, intrathecal, intravenous and intradermal) route, the oral route being preferred. It will be appreciated that the preferred route will depend on the general condition and age of the subject to be treated, the nature of the condition to be treated and the active ingredient chosen.

Pharmaceutical compositions for oral administration include solid dosage forms such as capsules, tablets, dragees, pills, lozenges, powders and granules. Where appropriate, they can be prepared with coatings such as enteric coatings or they can be formulated so as to provide controlled release of the active ingredient such as sustained or prolonged release according to methods well known in the art.

Liquid dosage forms for oral administration include solutions, emulsions, suspensions, syrups and elixirs.

Pharmaceutical compositions for parenteral administration include sterile aqueous and nonaqueous injectable solutions, dispersions, suspensions or emulsions as well as sterile powders to be reconstituted in sterile injectable solutions or dispersions prior to use. Depot injectable formulations are also contemplated as being within the scope of the present invention.

Other suitable administration forms include suppositories, sprays, ointments, cremes, gels, inhalants, dermal patches, implants etc.

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A typical oral dosage is in the range of from about 0.001 to about 100 mg/kg body weight per day, preferably from about 0.01 to about 50 mg/kg body weight per day, and more preferred from about 0.05 to about 10 mg/kg body weight per day administered in one or more dosages such as 1 to 3 dosages. The exact dosage will depend upon the frequency and mode of administration, the sex, age, weight and general condition of the subject treated, the nature and severity of the condition treated and any concomitant diseases to be treated and other factors evident to those skilled in the art.

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The formulations may conveniently be presented in unit dosage form by methods known to those skilled in the art. A typical unit dosage form for oral administration one or more times per day such as 1 to 3 times per day may contain from 0.01 to about 1000 mg, preferably from about 0.05 to about 500 mg, and more preferred from about 0.5 mg to about 200 mg.

For parenteral routes such as intravenous, intrathecal, intramuscular and similar administration, typically doses are in the order of about half the dose employed for oral administration.

The compounds of this invention are generally utilized as the free substance or as a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof. One example is an acid addition salt of a compound having the utility of a free base. When a compound of the formula (I) contains a free base such salts are prepared in a conventional manner by treating a solution or suspension of a free base of the formula (I) with a chemical equivalent of a pharmaceutically acceptable acid. Representative examples are mentioned above.

For parenteral administration, solutions of the novel compounds of the formula (I) in sterile aqueous solution, aqueous propylene glycol, aqueous vitamin E or sesame or peanut oil may be employed. Such aqueous solutions should be suitably buffered if necessary and the liquid diluent first rendered isotonic with sufficient saline or

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glucose. The aqueous solutions are particularly suitable for intravenous, intramuscular, subcutaneous and intraperitoneal administration. The sterile aqueous media employed are all readily available by standard techniques known to those skilled in the art.

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Suitable pharmaceutical carriers include inert solid diluents or fillers, sterile aqueous solution and various organic solvents. Examples of solid carriers are lactose, terra alba, sucrose, cyclodextrin, talc, gelatine, agar, pectin, acacia, magnesium stearate, stearic acid and lower alkyl ethers of cellulose. Examples of liquid carriers are syrup, peanut oil, olive oil, phospho lipids, fatty acids, fatty acid amines, polyoxyethylene and water. Similarly, the carrier or diluent may include any sustained release material known in the art, such as glyceryl monostearate or glyceryl distearate, alone or mixed with a wax. The pharmaceutical compositions formed by combining the novel compounds of the formula (I) and the pharmaceutical acceptable carriers are then readily administered in a variety of dosage forms suitable for the disclosed routes of administration. The formulations may conveniently be presented in unit dosage form by methods known in the art of pharmacy.

Formulations of the present invention suitable for oral administration may be presented as discrete units such as capsules or tablets, each containing a predetermined amount of the active ingredient, and which may include a suitable excipient. Furthermore, the orally available formulations may be in the form of a powder or granules, a solution or suspension in an aqueous or non-aqueous liquid, or an oil-in-water or water-in-oil liquid emulsion.

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If a solid carrier is used for oral administration, the preparation may be a tablet, placed in a hard gelatine capsule in powder or pellet form or it can be in the form of a troche or lozenge.

about 1 g.

If a liquid carrier is used, the preparation may be in the form of a syrup, emulsion, soft

The amount of solid carrier will vary widely but will usually be from about 25 mg to

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gelatine capsule or sterile injectable liquid such as an aqueous or non-aqueous liquid suspension or solution.

The compounds of the invention are prepared by the following general methods:

a) Deprotection or cleavage from a polymer support of a compound with formula Π

$$R^{5}$$
 R^{4}
 R^{3}
 R^{7}
 R^{9}
 R^{8}
 R^{7}

wherein R¹-R⁹ are as previously described, and R is a *tert*-butyl, methyl, ethyl, allyl or benzyl group or ROCO is a solid supported carbamate group, such as the Wang resin-based carbamate linker.

b) Chemical transformation of a compound with formula III to the corresponding diazonium compound and subsequently reacting with a thiophenol of formula IV

wherein R¹-R⁹ are as previously described,

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c) Dehydrating and optionally simultaneously deprotecting a compound of formula V

$$R''$$
 N
 OH
 R^5
 R^4
 R^3
 R^2
 R^7
 R^8
 R^7
 R^8

wherein R¹-R⁹ are as previously described, and R" is either a hydrogen atom or R" can be a carbamate R'OCO wherein R is a *tert*-butyl, methyl, ethyl, allyl or benzyl group or R'OCO is a solid supported carbamate group, such as the Wang resin-based carbamate linker.

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The deprotection according to method a) was performed by standard techniques, known to the persons skilled in the art and detailed in the textbook *Protective Groups in Organic Synthesis* T.W.Greene and P.G.M. Wuts, Wiley Interscience, (1991) ISBN 0471623016. The cleavage from a polymer support, such as from the Wang resin based carbamate linker, according to method a) was performed according to literature known procedures (Zaragoza *Tetrahedron Lett.* **1995**, *36*, 8677-8678 and Conti et al. *Tetrahedron Lett.* **1997**, *38*, 2915-2918).

Starting materials of formula II in method a) can be prepared by dehydrating a compound of formula V by treatment of V with an acid e.g. trifluoro acetic acid or concentrated HCl in glacial acetic acid (1:5) as illustrated in the experimental procedure below. Starting materials of formula II can also be prepared by reacting a compound of formula VI with a thiophenol of formula IV in the presence of a palladium catalyst as illustrated in the experimental procedure below. Compounds of formula VI and IV

$$R''$$
 R^{9}
 R^{6}
 R^{7}
 R^{1}
 R^{2}
 R^{2}
 R^{1}
 R^{2}
 R^{3}
 R^{4}
 R^{3}
 R^{1}
 R^{2}

wherein R¹-R⁹ are as previously described, and G is a bromine or iodine atom.

The diazotation followed by reaction with a thiophenol IV according to the method b) can be performed by addition of the diazonium salt of the corresponding aniline to a solution of sodium salt of a thiophenol in an aqueous suspension of copper. The starting material of formula III and the corresponding diazonium salt can be prepared by methods analogues to those described in the literature (e.g. Berridge, M. S. *et al. J. Med. Chem.* 1993, 36,1284-1290). Thiophenols of the formula IV are either commercially available or can be prepared according to methods described in standard works such as Houben-Weyl, Methoden der organischen Chemie (Methods of Organic Chemistry), Georg-Thieme-Verlag, Stuttgart; Organic Reactions, John Wiley & Sons, Inc. New York, namely under reaction conditions such as those which are known and suitable for such reactions.

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The dehydration reaction and optional simultaneous deprotection of a compound of formula V in method c) was performed in a similar manner as described in Palmer et al *J. Med. Chem.* **1997**, *40*, 1982-1989 or by acid treatment as illustrated in the experimental procedure below.

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Starting materials of formula V in method c) can be prepared from the corresponding properly substituted 1-bromo-phenylsulfanylbenzenes of formula VII by metalhalogen exchange followed by addition of an appropriate electrophile of the formula VIII in a similar manner as described in Palmer et al. *J. Med. Chem.* **1997**, *40*, 1982-1989. Compounds of formula VIII and VII

wherein R¹-R⁹ and R' are as previously described, and G is a bromine or iodine atom. The properly substituted 1-bromo-phenylsulfanylbenzenes VII were prepared in a similar manner as described in the literature by reaction of properly substituted thiophenols with properly substituted aryliodides according to Schopfer and Schlapbach *Tetrahedron* **2001**, *57*, 3069-3073; Bates et al., *Org. Lett.* **2002**, *4*, 2803-2806 and Kwong et al. *Org. Lett.* 2002, *4*, 581-584. Starting materials of formula V in method c) were also prepared by reaction of thiophenols of formula IX with the corresponding properly substituted aryliodides or arylbromides X in the presence of a palladium catalyst as illustrated in the experimental procedure below. Compounds of formula IX and X

R" NOH SH
$$R^6$$
 R^7 R^1 R^2 IX

wherein R¹-R⁹ and R' are as previously described, and G is a bromine or iodine atom.

Examples

Analytical LC-MS data were obtained on a PE Sciex API 150EX instrument equipped with IonSpray source and Shimadzu LC-8A/SLC-10A LC system. Column: 30 X 4.6 mm Waters Symmmetry C18 column with 3.5 μm particle size; Solventsystem: A = water/trifluoroacetic acid (100:0.05) and B = water/acetonitrile/trifluoroacetic acid (5:95:0.03); Method: Linear gradient elution with 90% A to 100% B in 4 min and with a flow rate of 2 mL/min. Purity was determined by integration of the UV (254 nm) and ELSD trace. The retention times (RT) are expressed in minutes.

Preparative LC-MS-purification was performed on the same instrument. Column: 50 X 20 mm YMC ODS-A with 5 μm particle size; Method: Linear gradient elution with 80% A to 100% B in 7 min and with a flow rate of 22.7 mL/min. Fraction collection was performed by split-flow MS detection.

For ion-exchange chromatography, the following material was used: SCX-columns (1 g) from Varian Mega Bond Elut®, Chrompack cat. No. 220776. Prior to use, the SCX-columns were pre-conditioned with 10% solution of acetic acid in methanol (3 mL). For de-complexation by irradiation, a ultaviolet light source (300 W) from Philipps was used. As starting polymer supports for solid phase synthesis, Wang-resin (1.03 mmol/g, Rapp-Polymere, Tuebingen, Germany) was used.

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Preparation of Intermediates

4-Hydroxy-4-[2-(4-chlorophenylsulfanyl)phenyl]-piperidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester.

A solution of BuLi (2.5 M in hexane, 12.0 ml, 30 mmol) was slowly added to a stirred solution of 1-bromo-2-(4-chlorophenylsulfanyl)benzene (30 mmol) in dry THF (75 ml) under Argon at -78 °C. The solution was stirred for 10 min before 4-oxopiperidine-1-carboxylic acid *tert*-butyl ester (5.98 g, 30 mmol) was added in one portion. The solution was allowed to warm up to room temperature and then stirred for 3 h. Saturated aqueous NH₄Cl (150 ml) was added and the solution was extracted with ethylacetate (150 mL). The organic phase was washed with brine, dried (MgSO₄) and the solvent was evaporated *in vacuo*. Crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent: Ethylacetat/heptane 20:80) to produce the target

compound as a white foam. HPLC: RT = 3.97; purity UV: 92%; ELSD: 99%; yield: 4.66 g (37%).

The following derivatives were prepared analogously:

- 4-[2-(4-Fluorophenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]piperidin-4-ol,
- 5 4-[2-(4-Chlorophenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]piperidin-4-ol,
 - 4-[2-(4-Methoxyphenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]piperidin-4-ol,
 - 4-(5-Methyl-2-p-tolylsulfanylphenyl)piperidin-4-ol,
 - 4-[2-(4-Fluorophenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]piperidin-4-ol,
 - 4-[2-(4-Chlorophenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]piperidin-4-ol,
- 10 4-[2-(2,4-Dimethylphenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]piperidin-4-ol,
 - 4-[2-(4-Chlorophenylsulfanyl)-5-trifluoromethyl-phenyl]piperidin-4-ol,
 - 4-[2-(4-Fluoro-2-methylphenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]piperidin-4-ol,
 - 4-[2-(4-Chlorophenylsulfanyl)-4-fluoro-phenyl]piperidin-4-ol,
 - 4-[4-Fluoro-2-(p-tolylsulfanyl)-phenyl]piperidin-4-ol,
- 4-[4-Fluoro-2-(4-methoxyphenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]piperidin-4-ol,
 - 4-[2-(2,4-Dimethylphenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]piperidin-4-ol,
 - 4-[2-(2,4-Dimethylphenylsulfanyl)-5-trifluoromethyl-phenyl]piperidin-4-ol,
 - 4-(2-p-Tolylsulfanyl-5-trifluoromethylphenyl)piperidin-4-ol,
 - 4-[2-(4-Fluoro-2-methylphenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]piperidin-4-ol,
- 20 4-[5-Bromo-2-(2,4-dimethylphenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]piperidin-4-ol,
 - 4-[2-(4-Chlorophenylsulfanyl)-5-fluoro-phenyl]piperidin-4-ol,
 - 4-[5-Fluoro-2-(4-methoxyphenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]piperidin-4-ol,
 - 4-[2-(2,4-Dichlorophenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]piperidin-4-ol,
 - 4-[2-(4-Chloro-2-fluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]piperidin-4-ol,
- 25 4-[2-(3-Methoxyphenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]piperidin-4-ol,
 - 4-[3-Fluoro-2-(4-methoxyphenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]piperidin-4-ol,
 - 4-[2-(2-Chlorophenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]piperidin-4-ol,
 - 4-[2-(2-Chloro-4-methoxyphenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]piperidin-4-ol,
 - 4-[2-(2-Fluorophenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]piperidin-4-ol,
- 30 4-[2-(2-Bromophenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]piperidin-4-ol,
 - 4-[2-(4-Bromophenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]piperidin-4-ol,
 - 4-(2-o-Tolylsulfanylphenyl)piperidin-4-ol,

4-Hydroxy-4-(2-mercaptophenyl)-piperidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester.

4 mL 1.6 M *n*-butyllithium in hexane (6.4 mmol) was added dropwise to 590 mg 2-bromo-thiophenol (3.1 mmol) in 5 mL dry THF at -78 °C. The solution was stirred 30 min. 640 mg *N*-tert-butoxycarbonyl piperidone (3.2 mmol) in 5 mL dry THF was added dropwise and the reaction mixture was stirred 3 hours at -78 °C. The solution was poured into sat. NH₄Cl (aq) and extracted with ethyl acetate (2x50mL). The combined organic phases were washed with brine, dried with MgSO₄ and concentrated *in vacuo*. Flash chromatography (ethyl acetate/heptane) yielded 650 mg product (2.1 mmol, 66%).

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Compounds of the invention:

Example 1

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Synthesis method A:

Compound 2: 4-[2-(4-Chlorophenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine Concentrated aq hydrochloric acid (10 mL) was added to a stirred solution of 1-tert-butoxycarbonyl-4-[2-(4-chlorophenylsulfanyl)phenyl]piperidin-4-ol (0.84 g, 2 mmol) in acetic acid (30 mL). The solution was boiled under reflux overnight, cooled to room temperature and then stirred in an ice bath. An aqueous solution of NaOH (9.1 M, 40 mL) was slowly added and the unclear solution was extracted with ethyl acetate (2 x 40 ml). The combined organic phases were dried (MgSO₄) and the solvents evaporated *in vacuo*. The crude material (0.48 g) was dissolved in ethyl acetate (3.2 mL) at 50 °C and a solution of oxalic acid (0.11 g) in EtOH (3.2 mL) was slowly added. The target compound was collected as a white oxalic salt. ¹H (DMSO- d_6) δ 7.3-7.2 (m, 7H); 7.15 (m, 1H); 7.00 (m, 1H); 5.6 (d, 1H); 3.7 (d, 2H); 3.25 (t, 2H); 2.6 (m, 2H); LC/MS (m/z) 302.1 (MH⁺); RT = 2.29; purity (UV, ELSD): 100%, 100%; yield: 0.31 g (40%).

Example 2

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Synthesis method B:

Compound 24: 4-[2-(2-Chlorophenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine.

Bis[(2-diphenylphosphino) phenyl ether (22mg; 0.04 mmol) and bis(dibenzylidene)palladium (23 mg; 0.04 mmol) were dissolved in 2.5 mL toluene and added to a solution of 4-hydroxy-4-(2-mercapto-phenyl)-piperidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester (200 mg; 0.64 mmol) and 1-chloro-2-iodobenzene (200 mg; 0.84 mmol) in 4 mL toluene. Potassium tert-butoxide (80 mg; 0.68 mmol) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred under argon for 16 hours at 100°C. The reaction mixture was filtered through silica with ethyl acetate as eluent. The solvent was removed in vacuo. The residue was dissolved in 4 mL glacial acetic acid and 1 mL concentrated HCl. The mixture was stirred for 16 hours at 100 °C. The solution was poured on to ice and 8 mL 28% aquous NaOH was added. The alkaline suspension was extracted with ethyl acetate (2x50 mL). The combined organic phases were washed with brine, dried with MgSO₄ and concentrated in vacuo to give a brown oil. LC-MS: M+H: 302.1; retention time = 2.03 min; UV: 78%; ELSD 94%.

20 The following compounds were made by the methods indicated in table 1 and accompanying analytical data are shown in table 1.

Examples

- 1. 4-[2-(4-Fluorophenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
- 25 2. 4-[2-(4-Chlorophenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
 - 3. 4-[2-(4-Methoxyphenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
 - 4. 4-(5-Methyl-2-p-tolylsulfanylphenyl)-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
 - 5. 4-[2-(4-Fluorophenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
 - 6. 4-[2-(4-Chlorophenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
- 30 7. 4-[2-(2,4-Dimethylphenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
 - 8. 4-[2-(4-Chlorophenylsulfanyl)-5-trifluoromethyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6tetrahydropyridine,
 - 9. 4-[2-(4-Fluoro-2-methylphenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,

- 10. 4-[2-(4-Chlorophenylsulfanyl)-4-fluoro-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
- 11. 4-[4-Fluoro-2-(p-tolylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
- 12. 4-[4-Fluoro-2-(4-methoxyphenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
- **13.** 4-[2-(2,4-Dimethylphenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,

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- **14.** 4-[2-(2,4-Dimethylphenylsulfanyl)-5-trifluoromethyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
- 15. 4-(2-p-Tolylsulfanyl-5-trifluoromethylphenyl)-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
- **16.** 4-[2-(4-Fluoro-2-methylphenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
- 17. 4-[5-Bromo-2-(2,4-dimethylphenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
- 18. 4-[2-(4-Chlorophenylsulfanyl)-5-fluoro-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
- 19. 4-[5-Fluoro-2-(4-methoxyphenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
- 20. 4-[2-(2,4-Dichlorophenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
- 21. 4-[2-(4-Chloro-2-fluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
 - 22. 4-[2-(3-Methoxyphenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
 - 23. 4-[3-Fluoro-2-(4-methoxyphenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
 - 24. 4-[2-(2-Chlorophenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
 - 25. 4-[2-(2-Chloro-4-methoxyphenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
- 26. 4-[2-(2-Fluorophenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
 - 27. 4-[2-(2-Bromophenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
 - 28. 4-[2-(4-Bromophenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
 - 29. 4-(2-o-Tolylsulfanylphenyl)-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
 - **30.** 4-[2-(4-Chloro-2-methylphenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
- 25 **31.** 4-[2-(4-Trifluoromethyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 32. 4-[2-(2,3-Dichloro-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 33. 4-[2-(2,3-Dimethyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 34. 4-[2-(3,4-Dimethyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 35. 4-[2-(2-Methoxy-5-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 36. 4-[2-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 37. 4-[2-(4-Methoxy-2-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 38. 4-[2-(2-Fluoro-4-methoxy-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,

- **39.** 4-[2-(2,4-Dimethyl-phenylsulfanyl)-5-fluoro-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 40. 4-(5-Fluoro-2-phenylsulfanyl-phenyl)-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 41. 4-[5-Fluoro-2-(4-fluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 5 42. 4-(2-m-Tolylsulfanyl-phenyl)-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 43. 4-[2-(4-Fluoro-3-methoxy-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 44. 4-[2-(2-Bromo-4-fluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - **45.** 4-[2-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-fluoro-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 46. 4-[2-(2,4-Dichloro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-fluoro-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 47. 4-[2-(3-Chloro-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 48. 4-[2-(2-Methoxy-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - **49.** 4-[2-(2,4-Dichloro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - **50.** 4-[2-(4-Chloro-2-fluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - **51.** 4-[2-(4-Chloro-2-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 52. 4-[2-(2-Fluoro-4-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - **53.** 4-[2-(2,4-Difluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 54. 4-[2-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - **55.** 4-[2-(2-Bromo-4-fluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - **56.** 4-[2-(2-Bromo-4-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 30 57. 4-[2-(2-Bromo-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - **58.** 4-[2-(4-Bromo-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 59. 4-(5-Methyl-2-o-tolylsulfanyl-phenyl)-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,

- **60.** 4-[2-(4-Methoxy-2-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 61. 4-[2-(2-Fluoro-4-methoxy-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 5 **62.** 4-[2-(3,4-Dichloro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - **63.** 4-[2-(2-Chloro-4-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 64. 4-[2-(2-Fluoro-4-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 10 **65.** 4-[2-(3,4-Dichloro-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 66. 4-[2-(4-Bromo-2-fluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 67. 4-[2-(4-Bromo-2-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 68. 4-[2-(2,4-Difluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 69. 4-[2-(2-Bromo-4-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 15 **70.** 4-[2-(4-Chloro-2-methoxy-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 71. 4-[5-Fluoro-2-(2-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - **72.** 4-[2-(2-Chloro-4-methoxy-phenylsulfanyl)-5-fluoro-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 73. 4-[5-Fluoro-2-(2-fluoro-4-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - **74.** 4-[2-(2-Chloro-4-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-5-fluoro-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 75. 4-[2-(4-Chloro-2-fluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-fluoro-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,

- 76. 4-[5-Fluoro-2-(4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 77. 4-[2-(2,3-Dimethyl-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
- 30 78. 4-[5-Methyl-2-(3-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)--phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 79. 4-[2-(2-Fluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 80. 4-[2-(2-Chloro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,

- **81.** 4-[2-(3,4-Dimethyl-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
- **82.** 4-[2-(4-Chloro-2-methoxy-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 5 83. 4-[2-(2,3-Difluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,

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- 84. 4-[2-(2-Chloro-4-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- **85.** 4-[2-(2,3-Difluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- **36.** 4-[2-(3-Chloro-2-fluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 87. 4-[2-(3-Fluoro-2-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 88. 4-[2-(3-Chloro-2-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- **89.** 4-[2-(3-Fluoro-2-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
- 90. 4-[2-(3-Fluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 91. 4-[2-(3-Chloro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 92. 4-[2-(3-Bromo-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine.
 - 93. 4-[2-(3-Methoxy-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - **94.** 4-[5-Methyl-2-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
 - 95. 4-[2-(2-Methoxy-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 96. 4-[2-(2-Ethyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 97. 4-[2-(4-Ethyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 98. 4-[2-(2-tert-Butyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 25 99. 4-[2-(4-tert-Butyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 100. 4-[2-(3-Fluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 101. 4-[2-(2-Trifluoromethyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 102. 4-[2-(3-Trifluoromethyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 103. 4-[2-(4-Trifluoromethoxy-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine.
- 30 **104.** 4-[2-(4-Methylsulfanyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine.
 - 105. 4-[2-(3,5-Dimethyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 106. 4-[2-(2,5-Dimethyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 107. 4-[2-(2,5-Dichloro-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,

- 108. 4-[2-(3,5-Dichloro-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine.
- 109. 4-[2-(3-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 110. 4-[2-(2,4,6-Trimethyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- **111.** 4-[5-Methylamino-2-(4-methyl-pheylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
- 112. 4-[5-Fluoro-2-(2-methoxy-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 113. 4-(5-Fluoro-2-o-tolylsulfanyl-phenyl)-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,

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- 114. 4-(5-Fluoro-2-p-tolylsulfanyl-phenyl)-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- **115.** 4-[2-(Benzo[1,3]dioxol-5-ylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
- **116.** 4-[2-(2-Chloro-4-methoxy-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- **117.** 4-[2-(2,3-Dichloro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 118. 4-[2-(3-Chloro-2-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 119. 4-[2-(Benzo[1,3]dioxol-5-ylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 120. 4-[5-Fluoro-2-(3-fluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 121. 4-(5-Fluoro-2-m-tolylsulfanyl-phenyl)-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 20 **122.** 4-[5-Fluoro-2-(3-methoxy-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 123. 4-[2-(3-Chloro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-fluoro-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 124. 4-[2-(2-Chloro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-fluoro-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 125. 4-[4-Fluoro-2-(4-methyl-pheylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - **126.** 4-[2-(4-Bromo-2-fluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-fluoro-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - **127.** 4-[2-(4-Fluoro-3-methoxy-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
 - **128.** 4-[2-(3-Fluoro-4-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine.
- 30 **129.** 4-[5-Fluoro-2-(4-methoxy-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine
 - **Table 1.** Measured molecular mass, measured HPLC-retention time (RT, min) and UV- and ELSD-purities (%) and synthesis method.

compound	M+H ⁺	RT min.	UV-purity (%)	ELSDpurity (%)	Synthesis method	
1		2.66	99.0	100	A	
2	302.1	2.29	100 100		A	
3	312.1	2.12	96.7	99.5	A	
4	296.1	2.24	98.1	99.4	A	
5	300.2	2.14	85.0	100	A	
6	315.9	2.29	99.9	99.4	A	
7	296.0	2.33	86.1	99.4	A	
8	370.0	2.43	98.1	99.8	A	
9	300.2	2.20	91.3	99.1	A	
10	319.9	2.20	89.3	97.2	A	
11	300.2	2.20	98.6	99.2	A	
12	315.9	2.08	90.9	98.4	A	
13	310.3	2.37	98.7	99.2	A	
14	364.3	2.45	93.0	99.6	A	
15	350.1	2.41	98.6	99.8	A	
16	313.8	2.33	96.9	96.1	A A	
17	373.9	2.45	94.6	99.5		
18	319.9	2.29	95.7	99.1	A	
19	315.8	2.12	91.4	98.0	A	
20	336.1	2.34	96.3	96.3	A	
21	320.0	2.18	95.0	97.7	A	
22	298.2	2.03	96.8	98.7	В	
23	315.0	2.08	92.1	99.4	A	
24	302.1	2.14	95.3	98.4	В	
25	331.9	2.10	97.0	95.7	В	
26	285.9	2.07	99.5	97.4	В	
27	345.9	2.10	98.2	98.2	В	
28	345.8	2.22	99.5	96.4	В	
29	282.1	2.12	97.6	96.9	В	
30	316.0	2.33	99.6	96.6	В	
31	336.2	2.27	99.9	98.6	В	

32	336.1	2.28	98.7	96.4	В
33	296.1	2.25	97.1	98.4	В
34	296.0	2.24	98.8	99.4	В
35	312.2	2.17	98.9	98.7	В
36	319.7	2.14	98.7	97.8	В
37	312.2	2.12	99.2	96.1	В
38	316.0	2.05	98.8	98.5	В
39		2.33	96.9	100	В
40		2.08	89.7	100	В
41	304.0	2.04	93.9	100	В
42	282.2	2.15	97.1	100	В
43	316.1	2.10	99.0	99.5	В
44	364.0	2.19	99.3	100	В
45	338.1	2.14	95.9	100	В
46	354.1	2.30	95.3	100	В
47	302.1	2.15	98.8	100	В
48	298.2	2.01	98.9	100	В
49	350.0	2.45	99.0	100	В
50	334.1	2.33	98.9	100	В
51	330.1	2.68	98.8	100	В
52	314.1	2.26	96.1	100	В
53	318.1	2.18	99.1	100	В
54	334.1	2.33	98.0	99.3	В
55	378.0	2.31	97.0	100	В
56	374.1	2.38	97.5	100	В
57	360.1	2.29	97.5	100	В
58	360.1	2.36	99.1	100	В
59	296.0	2.25	98.3	100	В
60	326.0	2.29	96.8	99.4	В
61	330.0	2.2	97.2	100	В
62	349.9	2.47	2.47 99.0 99.3 B		В
63	330.0 2.42 96.3 97.4		В		
64	341.0	2.09	96.6	98.7	В

65	336.0	2.70	98.5	99.5	В	
66	364.0	2.28	97.6	99.7	В	
67	360.0	2.38	98.4	99.9	В	
68	304.0	2.40	97.3	100	В	
69	359.9	2.24	98.0	96.6	В	
70	332.0	2.53	97.8	100	В	
71	334.0	2.09	90.0	98.0	В	
72	350.0	2.22	77.0	100		
73	318.0	2.22	91.0	100	В	
74	334.0	2.68	98.0	100	В	
75	337.9	2.19	100	100	В	
76	330.0	2.19	98.0	100	В	
77	310.1	2.38	97.7	97.6	В	
78	296.0	2.32	97.7	99.3	В	
79	300.0	2.15	98.1	98.6	В	
80	316.0	2.30	97.2	100	В	
81	310.0	2.38	98.7	99.7	В	
82	346.0	2.34	97.2	98.2	2 B	
83	304.0	2.07	96.4	99.6	В	
84	316.0	2.24	95.6	99.6	В	
85	318.0	2.27	99.0	99.8	В	
86	334.0	2.34	98.0	99.5	В	
87	300.0	2.14	97.2	99.8	В	
88	316.0	2.29	97.9	99.4	В	
89	314.1	2.28	97.3	99.5	В	
90	300.1	2.21	98.8	99.7	В	
91	316.0	2.28	98.6	99.7	В	
92	360.0	2.33	99.1	98.8	В	
93	312.1	2.16	96.6	98.1	В	
94	350.0	2.40	97.3	99.5	В	
95	312.1	2.09	97.1	99.7	В	
96	296.0	2.12	97.1	70.8	В	
97	296.1	2.19	100	73.0	В	

98	324.1	2.34	100	83.5	В
99	324.2	2.38	100	92.0	В
100	286.1	1.94	99.6	90.5	В
101	336.2	2.08	99.6	80.3	
102	336.1				В
		2.14	100	89.8	В
103	352.1	2.23	99.3	86.1	В
104	313.9	2.07	99.0	83.3	В
105	296.2	2.15	99.6	86.1	В
106	296.1	2.14	100	83.0	В
107	336.1	2.15	99.9	75.8	В
108	336.0	2.23	99.4	74.3	В
109	319.9	2.11	99.5	91.7	В
110	310.3	2.27	99.9	81.7	В
111	311.3	1.72	99.5	83.6	В
112	316.0	2.05	99.0	94.9	В
113	299.8	2.16	97.8	98.8	В
114	300.0	2.16	95.1	97.8	В
115	326.1	2.08	95.1	95.6	В
116	346.0	2.26	93.7	98.1	В
117	350.0	2.39	94.7	99.0	В
118	330.0	2.41	98.2	99.7	В
119	312.2	1.96	97.0	99.0	В
120	304.0	2.01	97.0	99.0	В
121	300.0	2.21	83.5	93.5	В
122	316.0	2.02	93.0	99.0	В
123	319.9	2.20	97.3	92.3	В
124	320.0	3.32	80.4	94.2	В
125	299.9	2.21	99.9	93.7	В
126	384.0	3.03	77.4	91.7	В
127	330.1	2.17	93.2	100	В
128	313.9	2.31	84.4	100	В
129	316.0	2.12	96.4	97.1	В

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Measurements of [3H]-5-HT uptake into rat cortical synaptosomes.

Whole brains from male Wistar rats (125-225 g), excluding cerebellum, are homogenized in 0.32 M sucrose supplemented with 1mM nialamid with a glass/teflon homogenizer. The homogenate is centrifuged at 600 x g for 10 min at 4 °C. The pellet is discarded and the supernatant is centrifuged at 20.000 x g for 55 min. The final pellet is homogenized (20 sec) in this assay buffer (0.5 mg original tissue/well). Test compounds (or buffer) and 10 nM [³H]-5-HT are added to 96 well plates and shaken briefly. Composition of assay buffer: 123 mM NaCl, 4.82 mM KCl, 0.973 mM CaCl₂, 1.12 mM MgSO₄, 12.66 mM Na₂HPO₄, 2.97 mM NaH₂PO₄, 0.162 mM EDTA, 10 mM glucose and 1 mM ascorbic acid. Buffer is oxygenated with 95% 0₂/5% CO₂ for 10 min at 37 °C and pH is adjusted 7.4. The incubation is started by adding tissue to a final assay volume of 0.2 mL. After 15 min incubation with radioligand at 37 °C, samples are filtered directly on Unifilter GF/C glass fiber filters (soaked for 1 hour in 0.1% polyethylenimine) under vacuum and immediately washed with 3 x 0.2 ml assay buffer. Non-specific uptake is determined using citalopram (10 μM final concentration). Citalopram is included as reference in all experiments as dose-response curve.

Preferred compounds of the present invention exhibit serotonin reuptake inhibition below 200 nM (IC₅₀) in the assay above. More preferred are the compounds which exhibit inhibition below 100 nM and most preferably below 50 nM.

[3H]Mesulergine binding to 5-HT_{2C} receptors.

Cell lines expressing 10-20 pmol/mg protein human 5-HT_{2C-VSV} receptors (Euroscreen) were harvested in ice-cold 50 mM Tris pH 7.7buffer containing 125 mM NaCl and stored at -80 ° C. On the day of the experiment cells were quickly thawed and homogenized in 50 mM Tris pH 7.7 using an Ultra-Thurax. Aliqouts consisting of 6-30 µg protein, [3 H]Mesulergine (1 nM) and testsubstance were incubated for 30 min at 37° C. Total binding was determined using assay buffer (50 mM Tris pH 7.7) and non-specific binding was defined in the presence of 100 µM 5-HT. Bound and free [3 H]Mesulergine was separated by vacuum filtration on GF/B filters (pre-soaked in 0.1% PEI for ½ hour) and counted in a scintillation counter.

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5-HT_{2C} receptor efficacy as determined by fluorometry.

This assay was carried out as described by Porter et al. *British Journal of Pharmacology* **1999**, *128*, 13 with the modifications described below. 2 days before the experiment CHO cells expressing 10-20 pmol/mg protein human 5-HT_{2C-VSV} receptors (Euroscreen) were plated at a density sufficient to yield a mono-confluent layer on the day of the experiment. The cells were dye loaded (Ca²⁺-kit from Molecular Devices, and according to their instructions) at 37 °C in a 5% CO₂ incubator at 95% humidity. Lazer intensity was set to a suitable level to obtain basal values of approximately 8000 RFUs. The variation in basal fluorescence was less than 10%. EC₅₀ values were assessed using increasing concentrations of test compound covering 3 decades. IC₅₀ values were assessed challenging the EC₈₅ of 5-HT with concentrations covering 3 decades of test substances. Ki values were calculated using Cheng-Prusoff equation.

15 Measurements of [3H]noradrenaline uptake into rat cortical synaptosomes.

Fresh cortex from male Wistar rats (125-225 g) are homogenized in 0.4M sucrose with a glass/teflon homogenizer. The homogenate is centrifuged at 600 x g for 10 min at 4 °C. The pellet is discarded and the supernatant is centrifuged at 20.000 x g for 55 min. The final pellet is homogenized (20 sec) in this assay buffer (6 mg original tissue/mL = 4 mg/well). Test compounds (or buffer) and 10 nM [³H]-noradrenaline are added to deep 96 well plates and shaken briefly. Composition of assay buffer: 123 mM NaCl, 4.82 mM KCl, 0.973 mM CaCl₂, 1.12 mM MgSO₄, 12.66 mM Na₂HPO₄, 2.97 mM NaH₂PO₄, 0.162 mM EDTA, 10 mM glucose and 1 mM ascorbic acid. Buffer is oxygenated with 95% 0₂/5% CO₂ for 10 min at 37 °C and pH is adjusted 7.4. The incubation is started by adding tissue to a final assay volume of 1 ml. After 15 min incubation with radioligand at 37 °C, samples are filtered directly on Unifilter GF/C glass fiber filters (soaked for 1 hour in 0.1% polyethylenimine) under vacuum and immediately washed with 3 x 1 mL assay buffer. Non-specific uptake is determined using talsupram (10 μM final concentration). Duloxetine is included as reference in all experiments as dose-response curve.

Claims:

1. A compound represented by the general formula I

$$R^{5}$$

$$R^{4}$$

$$R^{3}$$

$$R^{1}$$

$$R^{2}$$

$$R^{6}$$

$$R^{7}$$

$$R^{8}$$

wherein

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 R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^5 are independently selected from hydrogen, halogen, cyano, $C_{1\text{-}6\text{-}}$ alk(en/yn)yl, $C_{1\text{-}6\text{-}}$ alk(en/yn)yloxy, $C_{1\text{-}6\text{-}}$ alk(en/yn)ylsulfanyl, hydroxy, hydroxy- $C_{1\text{-}6\text{-}}$ alk(en/yn)yl, halo- $C_{1\text{-}6\text{-}}$ alk(en/yn)yloxy, or NR^xR^y wherein R^x and R^y are independently selected from hydrogen, $C_{1\text{-}6\text{-}}$ alk(en/yn)yl, $C_{3\text{-}8\text{-}}$ cycloalk(en)yl, $C_{3\text{-}8\text{-}}$ cycloalk(en)yl- $C_{1\text{-}6\text{-}}$ alk(en/yn)yl, or NR^zR^w - $C_{1\text{-}6\text{-}}$ alk(en/yn)yl, wherein R^z and R^w are independently selected from hydrogen, $C_{1\text{-}6\text{-}}$ alk(en/yn)yl, $C_{3\text{-}8\text{-}}$ cycloalk(en)yl, or $C_{3\text{-}8\text{-}}$ cycloalk(en)yl- $C_{1\text{-}6\text{-}}$ alk(en/yn)yl; or R^x and R^y together with the nitrogen to which they are attached form a 3-7-membered ring which optionally contains one further heteroatom; or

 R^2 and R^3 together form a heterocycle fused to the phenyl ring selected from

; and
$$R^1$$
, R^4 , R^5 are as defined above;

R⁶, R⁷, R⁸, R⁹ are independently selected from hydrogen, halogen, C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yloxy, C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)ylsulfanyl, hydroxy, hydroxy-C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, halo-C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yloxy, or NR^xR^y wherein R^x and R^y are independently selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, C₃₋₈-cycloalk(en)yl, C₃₋₈-cycloalk(en)yl-C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, or NR^zR^w-C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, wherein R^z and R^w are

independently selected from hydrogen, C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, C_{3-8} -cycloalk(en)yl, or C_{3-8} -cycloalk(en)yl- C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl; or R^x and R^y together with the nitrogen to which they are attached form a 3-7-membered ring which optionally contains one further heteroatom;

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provided that at least one of R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^7 , R^8 , and R^9 is different from hydrogen; also provided that when R^3 is methyl or methoxy, then at least one of R^1 , R^2 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^7 , R^8 , R^9 is different from hydrogen; or a salt thereof.

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2. The compound of claim 1, wherein R^1 is selected from hydrogen, halogen, cyano, C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yloxy, C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)ylsulfanyl, halo- C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, or NR^xR^y wherein R^x and R^y are independently selected from hydrogen, C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, cyano- C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, C_{3-8} -cycloalk(en)yl, C_{3-8} -cycloalk(en)yl- C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, or NR^zR^w - C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, wherein R^z and R^w are independently selected from hydrogen, C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, C_{3-8} -cycloalk(en)yl, or C_{3-8} -cycloalk(en)yl, provided that if one of R^x and R^y is NR^zR^w - C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl then the other is selected from hydrogen, C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, cyano- C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, C_{3-8} -cycloalk(en)yl, or C_{3-8} -cycloalk(en)yl- C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl; or R^x and R^y together with the nitrogen to which they are attached form a 3-7-membered ring which optionally contains one further heteroatom; typically, R^1 is selected from hydrogen, C_{1-6} -alkyl, halogen, C_{1-6} -alkyl, or halogen.

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3. The compound of any one of claims 1-2, wherein R^2 is selected from hydrogen, halogen, cyano, C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yloxy, C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)ylsulfanyl, halo- C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl; typically, R^2 is selected from hydrogen, C_{1-6} -alkoxy, halogen, C_{1-6} -alkyl, or halo- C_{1-6} -alkyl; more typically, R^2 is selected from hydrogen, or C_{1-6} -alkoxy.

4. The compound of any one of claims 1-3, wherein R^3 is selected from hydrogen, halogen, cyano, C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yloxy, C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)ylsulfanyl, halo- C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl; typically, R^3 is selected from hydrogen, C_{1-6} -alkyl, C_{1-6} -alkoxy, halogen, C_{1-6} -alkylsulfanyl, halo- C_{1-6} -alkyl, or halo- C_{1-6} -alkyloxy; more typically, R^3 is selected from hydrogen, C_{1-6} -alkyl, C_{1-6} -alkoxy, or halogen.

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5. The compound of any one of claims 1-2, wherein R² and R³ together form a heterocycle fused to the phenyl ring selected from



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- 6. The compound of any one of claims 1-5 wherein R^4 is selected from hydrogen, halogen, cyano, C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yloxy, C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)ylsulfanyl, halo- C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl; typically, R^4 is selected from hydrogen, C_{1-6} -alkoxy, halogen, C_{1-6} -alkyl, or halo- C_{1-6} -alkyl; more typically, R^4 is selected from hydrogen, or C_{1-6} -alkoxy.
- 7. The compound of any one of claims 1-6 wherein R^5 is selected from hydrogen, halogen, cyano, C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yloxy, C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)ylsulfanyl, halo- C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, or NR^xR^y wherein R^x and R^y are independently selected from hydrogen, C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, cyano- C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, C_{3-8} -cycloalk(en)yl, C_{3-8} -cycloalk(en)yl- C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, or NR^zR^w - C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, wherein R^z and R^w are independently selected from hydrogen, C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, C_{3-8} -cycloalk(en)yl, or C_{3-8} -cycloalk(en)yl- C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, provided that if one of R^x and R^y is NR^zR^w - C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl then the other is selected from hydrogen, C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, cyano- C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, C_{3-8} -cycloalk(en)yl, or C_{3-8} -cycloalk(en)yl- C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl; or R^x and R^y together with the nitrogen to which they are attached form a 3-7-membered ring which optionally contains one further heteroatom; typically, R^5 is selected from hydrogen, C_{1-6} -alkyl, halogen, C_{1-6} -alkyloxy, or halo- C_{1-6} -alkyl; more typically, R^5 is selected from hydrogen, C_{1-6} -alkyl, or halogen.

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- 8. The compound of any one of claims 1-7 wherein R^6 is selected from hydrogen, halogen, C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, halo- C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl; typically, R^6 is selected from hydrogen, or halogen.
- 9. The compound of any one of claims 1-8 wherein R⁷ is selected from hydrogen, halogen, C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, halo-C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl; typically, R⁷ is selected from hydrogen, or halogen.
- 10. The compound of any one of claims 1-9 wherein R⁸ is selected from hydrogen. halogen, C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, halo-C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, or NR^xR^y wherein R^x and R^y are 10 independently selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, cyano-C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, C₃₋ 8-cycloalk(en)yl, C₃₋₈-cycloalk(en)yl-C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, or NR^zR^w-C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, wherein R^z and R^w are independently selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, C₃₋₈cycloalk(en)yl, or C₃₋₈-cycloalk(en)yl-C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, provided that if one of R^x and R^y is NR^zR^w-C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl then the other is selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₆-15 alk(en/yn)yl, cyano-C₁₋₆-alk(en/yn)yl, C₃₋₈-cycloalk(en)yl, or C₃₋₈-cycloalk(en)yl-C₁₋₆alk(en/yn)yl; or R^x and R^y together with the nitrogen to which they are attached form a 3-7-membered ring which optionally contains one further heteroatom; typically, R⁸ is selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₆-alkyl, halogen, halo-C₁₋₆-alkyl, or NR^xR^y wherein R^x is hydrogen and R^y is C₁₋₆-alkyl; more typically, R⁸ is selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₆-20 alkyl, halogen, or halo-C₁₋₆-alkyl.
 - 11. The compound of any one of claims 1-10 wherein R^9 is selected from hydrogen, halogen, C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl, halo- C_{1-6} -alk(en/yn)yl; typically, R^9 is selected from hydrogen.
 - 12. The compound of any one of claims 1-11 wherein the compound of formula I has 1-4 substituents in the phenyl ring(s), selected from any one of R¹-R⁹, which are different from hydrogen, and the remaining substituents are hydrogen.
 - 13. The compound of claim 1, said compound being selected from 4-[2-(4-Fluorophenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine, 4-[2-(4-Chlorophenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,

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4-[2-(4-Methoxyphenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
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- 4-(5-Methyl-2-p-tolylsulfanylphenyl)-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
- 4-[2-(4-Fluorophenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
- 4-[2-(4-Chlorophenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
- 4-[2-(2,4-Dimethylphenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
 - 4-[2-(4-Chlorophenylsulfanyl)-5-trifluoromethyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
 - 4-[2-(4-Fluoro-2-methylphenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
 - 4-[2-(4-Chlorophenylsulfanyl)-4-fluoro-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
 - 4-[4-Fluoro-2-(p-tolylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
- 4-[4-Fluoro-2-(4-methoxyphenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2,4-Dimethylphenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2,4-Dimethylphenylsulfanyl)-5-trifluoromethyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
 - 4-(2-p-Tolylsulfanyl-5-trifluoromethylphenyl)-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
- 4-[2-(4-Fluoro-2-methylphenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
 - 4-[5-Bromo-2-(2,4-dimethylphenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
 - 4-[2-(4-Chlorophenylsulfanyl)-5-fluoro-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine.
 - 4-[5-Fluoro-2-(4-methoxyphenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2,4-Dichlorophenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
- 20 4-[2-(4-Chloro-2-fluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
 - 4-[2-(3-Methoxyphenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
 - 4-[3-Fluoro-2-(4-methoxyphenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2-Chlorophenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2-Chloro-4-methoxyphenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
- 4-[2-(2-Fluorophenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2-Bromophenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
 - 4-[2-(4-Bromophenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
 - 4-(2-o-Tolylsulfanylphenyl)-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine.
 - 4-[2-(4-Chloro-2-methylphenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
- 30 4-[2-(4-Trifluoromethyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2,3-Dichloro-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2,3-Dimethyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(3,4-Dimethyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,

- 4-[2-(2-Methoxy-5-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 4-[2-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 4-[2-(4-Methoxy-2-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 4-[2-(2-Fluoro-4-methoxy-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 4-[2-(2,4-Dimethyl-phenylsulfanyl)-5-fluoro-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-(5-Fluoro-2-phenylsulfanyl-phenyl)-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[5-Fluoro-2-(4-fluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-(2-m-Tolylsulfanyl-phenyl)-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(4-Fluoro-3-methoxy-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 4-[2-(2-Bromo-4-fluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-fluoro-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2,4-Dichloro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-fluoro-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(3-Chloro-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2-Methoxy-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 4-[2-(2,4-Dichloro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(4-Chloro-2-fluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(4-Chloro-2-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 4-[2-(2-Fluoro-4-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2,4-Difluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 4-[2-(2-Bromo-4-fluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2-Bromo-4-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2-Bromo-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 4-[2-(4-Bromo-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-(5-Methyl-2-o-tolylsulfanyl-phenyl)-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(4-Methoxy-2-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,

- 4-[2-(2-Fluoro-4-methoxy-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 4-[2-(3,4-Dichloro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- $\hbox{$4-[2-(2-Chloro-4-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-defined and $4-[2-(2-Chloro-4-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-defined and and and and and another and another and another and another and another an$
- 5 pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2-Fluoro-4-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(3,4-Dichloro-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(4-Bromo-2-fluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine.
 - 4-[2-(4-Bromo-2-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 4-[2-(2,4-Difluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2-Bromo-4-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(4-Chloro-2-methoxy-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[5-Fluoro-2-(2-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 4-[2-(2-Chloro-4-methoxy-phenylsulfanyl)-5-fluoro-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[5-Fluoro-2-(2-fluoro-4-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2-Chloro-4-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-5-fluoro-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - $\hbox{$4\hbox{-}[2\hbox{-}(4\hbox{-}Chloro\hbox{-}2\hbox{-}fluoro\hbox{-}phenyl]$-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,}\\$
 - 4-[5-Fluoro-2-(4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2,3-Dimethyl-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 4-[5-Methyl-2-(3-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)--phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2-Fluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2-Chloro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(3,4-Dimethyl-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - $\hbox{$4-[2-(4-Chloro-2-methoxy-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-defined a constant of the co$
- 30 pyridine,

- 4-[2-(2,3-Difluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 4-[2-(2-Chloro-4-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 4-[2-(2,3-Difluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,

- $\hbox{$4$-[2-(3-Chloro-2-fluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,}$
- 4-[2-(3-Fluoro-2-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 4-[2-(3-Chloro-2-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 4-[2-(3-Fluoro-2-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(3-Fluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(3-Chloro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(3-Bromo-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 4-[2-(3-Methoxy-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[5-Methyl-2-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2-Methoxy-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2-Ethyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 4-[2-(4-Ethyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2-tert-Butyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(4-tert-Butyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(3-Fluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2-Trifluoromethyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(3-Trifluoromethyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(4-Trifluoromethoxy-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(4-Methylsulfanyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(3,5-Dimethyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2,5-Dimethyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2,5-Dichloro-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(3,5-Dichloro-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(3-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(2,4,6-Trimethyl-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[5-Methylamino-2-(4-methyl-pheylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 30 4-[5-Fluoro-2-(2-methoxy-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-(5-Fluoro-2-o-tolylsulfanyl-phenyl)-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-(5-Fluoro-2-p-tolylsulfanyl-phenyl)-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(Benzo[1,3]dioxol-5-ylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,

- 4-[2-(2-Chloro-4-methoxy-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
- 4-[2-(2,3-Dichloro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 4-[2-(3-Chloro-2-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-
- 5 pyridine,

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- 4-[2-(Benzo[1,3]dioxol-5-ylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 4-[5-Fluoro-2-(3-fluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 4-(5-Fluoro-2-m-tolylsulfanyl-phenyl)-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 4-[5-Fluoro-2-(3-methoxy-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
- 10 4-[2-(3-Chloro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-fluoro-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine.
 - 4-[2-(2-Chloro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-fluoro-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[4-Fluoro-2-(4-methyl-pheylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(4-Bromo-2-fluoro-phenylsulfanyl)-5-fluoro-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(4-Fluoro-3-methoxy-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-
- 15 pyridine,
 - 4-[2-(3-Fluoro-4-methyl-phenylsulfanyl)-5-methyl-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine,
 - 4-[5-Fluoro-2-(4-methoxy-phenylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyridine, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

- 14. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of any one of claims 1-13 or a pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt thereof and at least one pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent.
- 15. The use of a compound of any one of claims 1 to 13 or a pharmaceutically 25 acceptable acid addition salt thereof for the preparation of a medicament for the treatment of an affective disorder, such as depression, anxiety disorders including general anxiety disorder, social anxiety disorder, post traumatic stress disorder, obsessive compulsive disorder, panic disorder, panic attacks, specific phobias, social phobia and agoraphobia. 30
- - 16. A method for the treatment of an affective disorder, such as depression, anxiety disorders including general anxiety disorder, social anxiety disorder, post

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traumatic stress disorder, obsessive compulsive disorder, panic disorder, panic attacks, specific phobias, social phobia and agoraphobia in a living animal body, including a human, comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of any one of claims 1-13 or a pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt thereof.

17. A compound of any one of claims 1-13 for use as a medicament.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No

A. CLASSI IPC 7	FICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER C07D211/70 C07D405/12 A61K31/4	4409 A61P25/00	
	o International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classific	ation and IPC	
	ocumentation searched (classification system followed by classification CO7D A61K A61P	on symbols)	
Documental	ion searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that s	such documents are included in the fields se	arched
	ata base consulted during the international search (name of data baternal, CHEM ABS Data	se and, where practical, search terms used)	
C. DOCUMI	ENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category °	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the rel	evant passages	Relevant to claim No.
Α	WO 01/49678 A (KROG JENSEN CHRIST ROTTLAENDER MARIO (DK); ANDERSEN MIK) 12 July 2001 (2001-07-12) claims		1,14-16
P , X	WO 03/029232 A (BANG-ANDERSEN BEN PUESCHL ASK (DK); ANDERSEN KIM (E RUHLAND THO) 10 April 2003 (2003- provisos: 4-'2-(4-methylphenylsulfanyl)pher ihydro-2H-pyridine and 4-'2-(4-methoxyphenylsulfanyl)phe dihydro-2H-pyridine page 28, line 7 - line 8	OK); -04-10) nyl!-3,6-d	1-17
Furth	ner documents are listed in the continuation of box C.	χ Patent family members are listed in	annex.
"A" docume consid "E" earlier of filing d "L" docume which in citation "O" docume other n	nt which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or is cited to establish the publication date of another nor other special reason (as specified) ent referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or	 "T" later document published after the inter or priority date and not in conflict with the cited to understand the principle or the invention "X" document of particular relevance; the classification of the considered novel or cannot involve an inventive step when the document of particular relevance; the classification of the considered to involve an inventive account of the considered to involve an inventive such combined with one or more ments, such combination being obvious in the art. "&" document member of the same patent for th	he application but ony underlying the aimed invention be considered to ument is taken alone aimed invention entive step when the e other such docu- s to a person skilled
Date of the a	actual completion of the international search	Date of mailing of the international seam	ch report
1	9 July 2004	28/07/2004	
Name and n	nailing address of the ISA European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl, Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016	Authorized officer Diederen, J	

nternational application No. PCT/DK2004/000243

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Box II Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)	
This International Search Report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reaso	ns:
1. X Claims Nos.: because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:	
Although claim 16 is directed to a method of treatment of the human/animed body, the search has been carried out and based on the alleged effects compound/composition.	al f the
2. Claims Nos.: because they relate to parts of the International Application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful International Search can be carried out, specifically:	
3. Claims Nos.: because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).	
Box III Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 3 of first sheet)	
This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:	
As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers all searchable claims.	
2. As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.	
3. As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:	
4. No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this International Search Report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:	
Remark on Protest The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest	st.
No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.	

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

national Application No

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